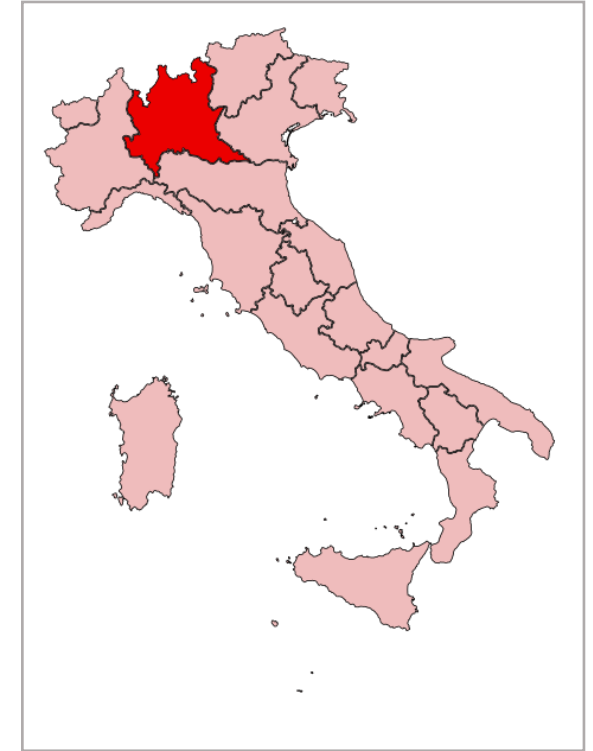


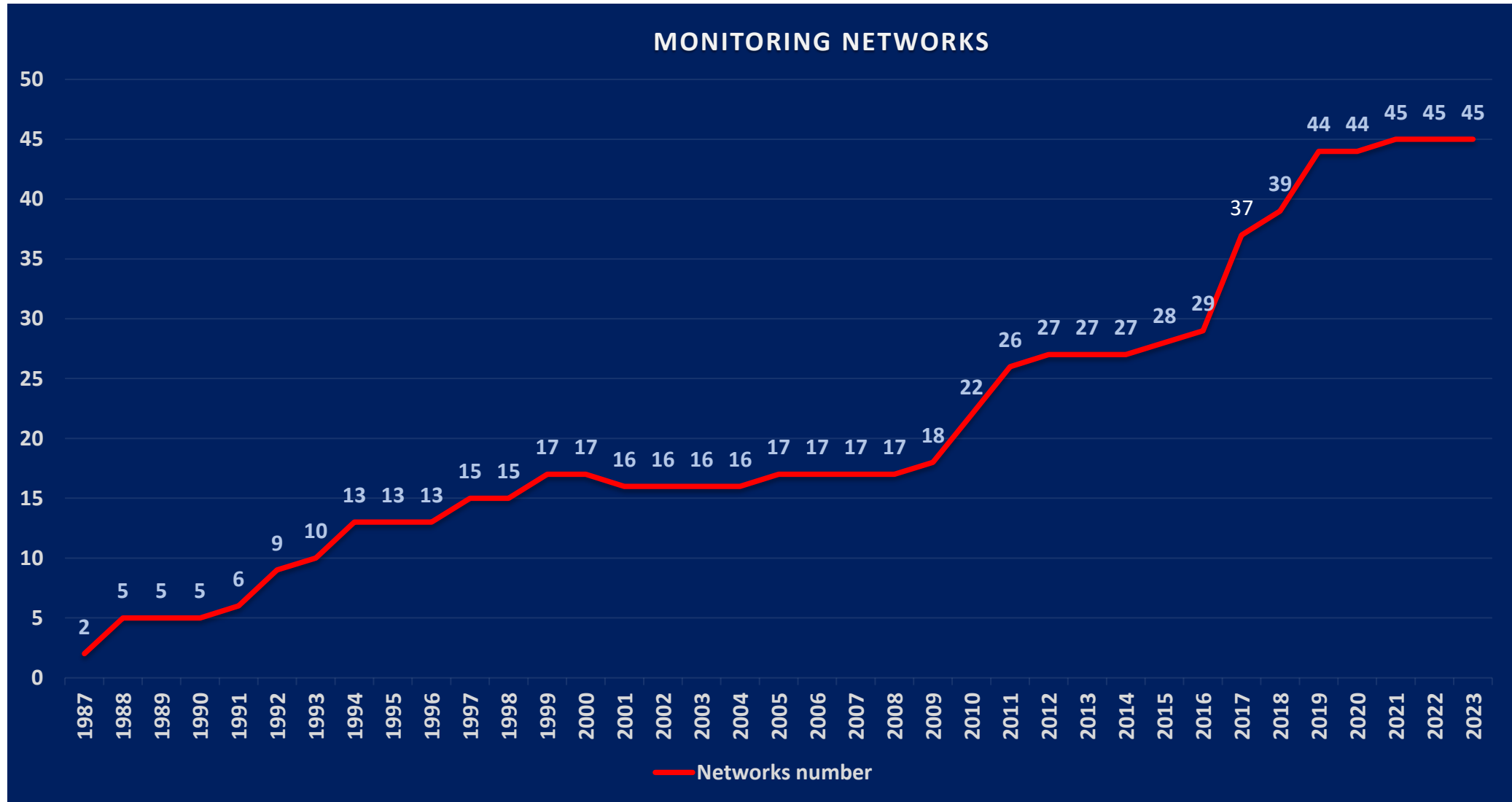
ARPA'S GEOLOGICAL MONITORING NETWORK: THE USE OF GROUND BASED InSAR



Luca Dei Cas – Centro di Monitoraggio Geologico ARPA Lombardia

VAL POLA 1987





MONITORED AREAS



- **Monitoring Landslide areas: 45**
- **Early warning monitoring: 29**
- **Knowledge or control monitoring: 16**



DIFFERENT KINDS OF INSTRUMENTATIONS

GEOTECHNICAL



ABOVE SOIL

- Strain gauge
- Flexurimeter
- Distometer
- Inclinator on wall



ON BOREHOLE

- Inclino-metrical probe
- Piezometric probe
- Inclino-metrical multiparametric probe DMS
- Wires "TDR"



RADAR INTERFEROMETRY



- Satellite radar



- Ground Sar radar



TOPOGRAPHIC



- Total station
- GPS



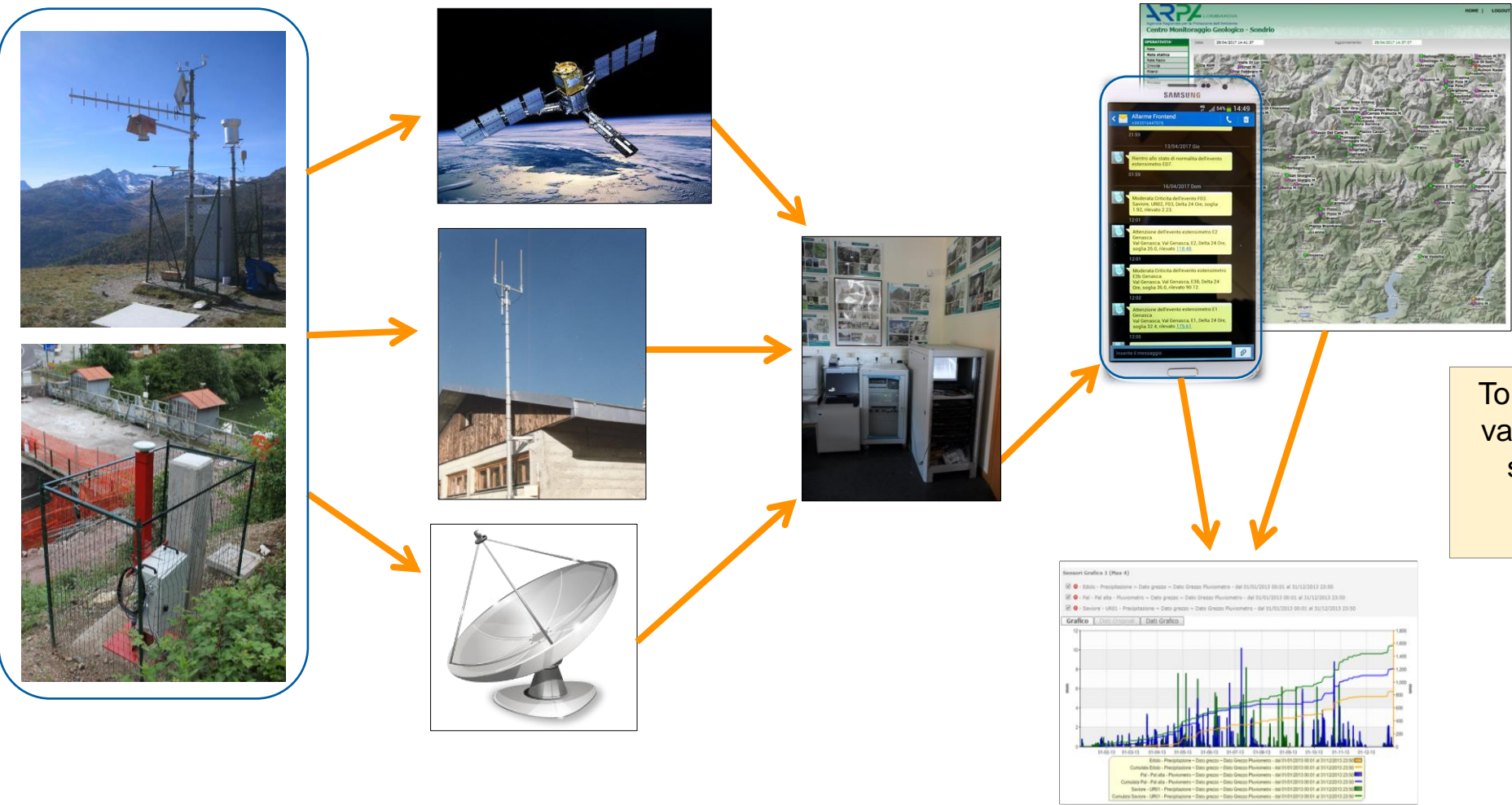
METEOROLOGICAL INSTRUMENTS



- Rain gauge
- Snow gauge
- Thermometer
- Barometer



DOUBLE (REDUNTANT) TRASMISSION

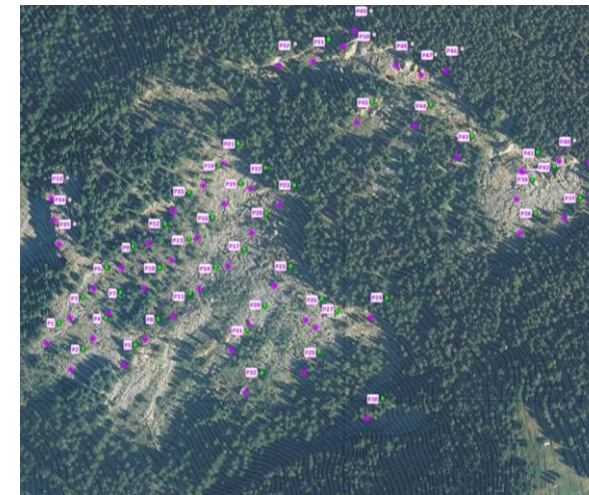
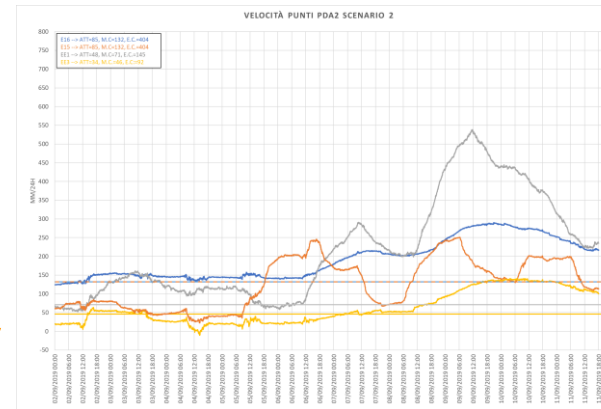
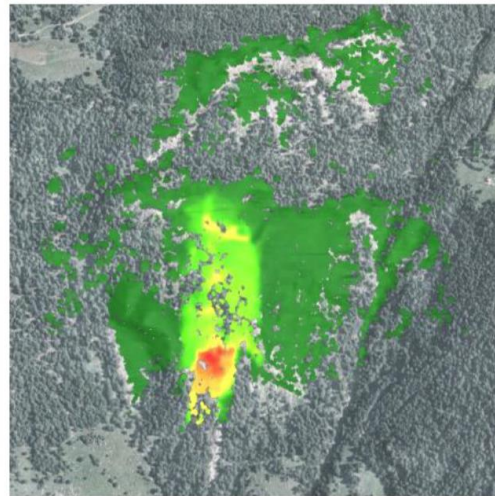


To guarantee the transmission of data values from landslides even in critical situations, it's important to have a transmission redundant system

AREAS BEEN MONITORED BY GROUND SAR RADAR



THE 7 AREAS MONITORED, BY GROUND SAR RADAR, FOR EARLY WARNING



Attenzione: superamento della soglia di Moderata Criticità dell'evento Ruino 2020 - Scenario D. COMUNICARE A CFMR con modulo.

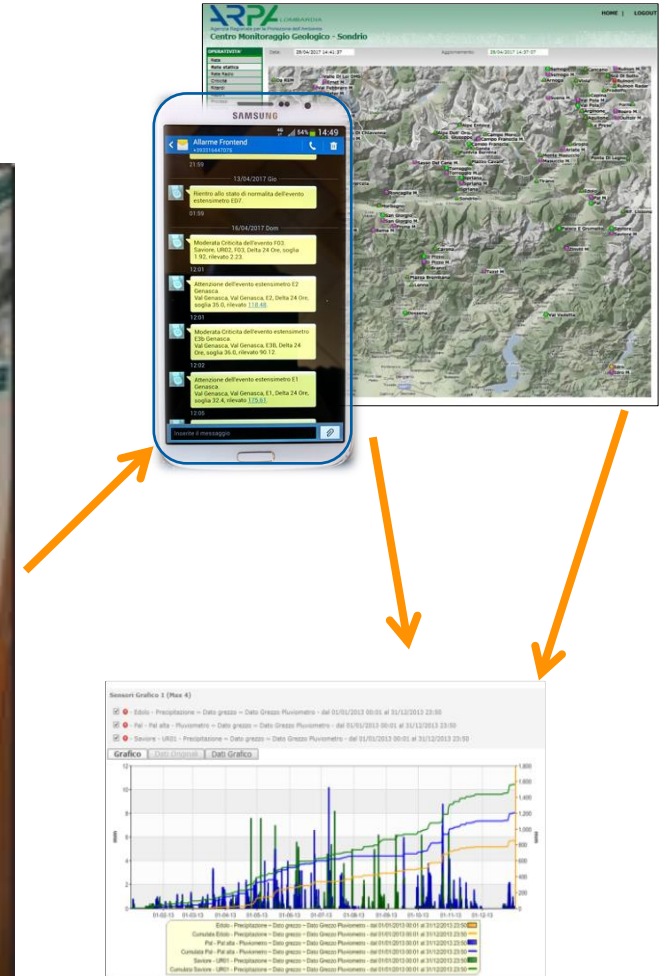
Stazione Ruino Radar 2020 Sensore Ruino Radar (Casagli) - Estensimetro	Funzione	Delta 24 ore	bozza univ front end	Valore della soglia 201	valore rilevato
P19	Funzione delta 24 ore	bozza univ front end	Valore della soglia 201	valore rilevato	782,30
P17	Funzione delta 24 ore	bozza univ front end	Valore della soglia 201	valore rilevato	484,60
P14	Funzione delta 24 ore	bozza univ front end	Valore della soglia 201	valore rilevato	318,20
P16	Funzione delta 24 ore	bozza univ front end	Valore della soglia 201	valore rilevato	313,80
P20	Funzione delta 24 ore	bozza univ front end	Valore della soglia 201	valore rilevato	245,50
P15	Funzione delta 24 ore	bozza univ front end	Valore della soglia 201	valore rilevato	230,00
P1	Funzione delta 24 ore	bozza univ front end	Valore della soglia 201	valore rilevato	205,50
P3	Funzione delta 24 ore	bozza univ front end	Valore della soglia 201	valore rilevato	200,20
P19	Funzione delta 24 ore	bozza univ front end	Valore della soglia 201	valore rilevato	181,80
P12	Funzione delta 24 ore	bozza univ front end	Valore della soglia 201	valore rilevato	139,60
P21	Funzione Delta 24h di Media 24h	Valore della soglia 201	valore rilevato	78,73	
P2	Funzione delta 24 ore	bozza univ front end	Valore della soglia 201	valore rilevato	66,10
P18	Funzione Delta 24h di Media 24h	Valore della soglia 201	valore rilevato	58,46	
P12	Funzione Delta 24h di Media 24h	Valore della soglia 201	valore rilevato	59,11	
P25	Funzione Delta 24h di Media 24h	Valore della soglia 201	valore rilevato	39,13	
P17	Funzione Delta 24h di Media 24h	Valore della soglia 201	valore rilevato	35,62	
P51	Funzione Delta 24h di Media 24h	Valore della soglia 114	valore rilevato	22,26	
P24	Funzione Delta 24h di Media 24h	Valore della soglia 201	valore rilevato	20,53	
P11	Funzione Delta 24h di Media 24h	Valore della soglia 201	valore rilevato	17,47	
P44	Funzione Delta 24h di Media 24h	Valore della soglia 114	valore rilevato	15,62	
P26	Funzione Delta 24h di Media 24h	Valore della soglia 201	valore rilevato	14,99	
P73	Funzione Delta 24h di Media 24h	Valore della soglia 201	valore rilevato	14,60	

GROUND SAR RADAR: REDUNDANT TRANSMISSION



GPRS

STARLINK



AREAS MONITORED BY GROUND SAR RADAR FOR EARLY WARNING : REDUNTANT ENERGY POWER



Power line connection



GALLIVAGGIO LANDSLIDE: AREA LOCATION



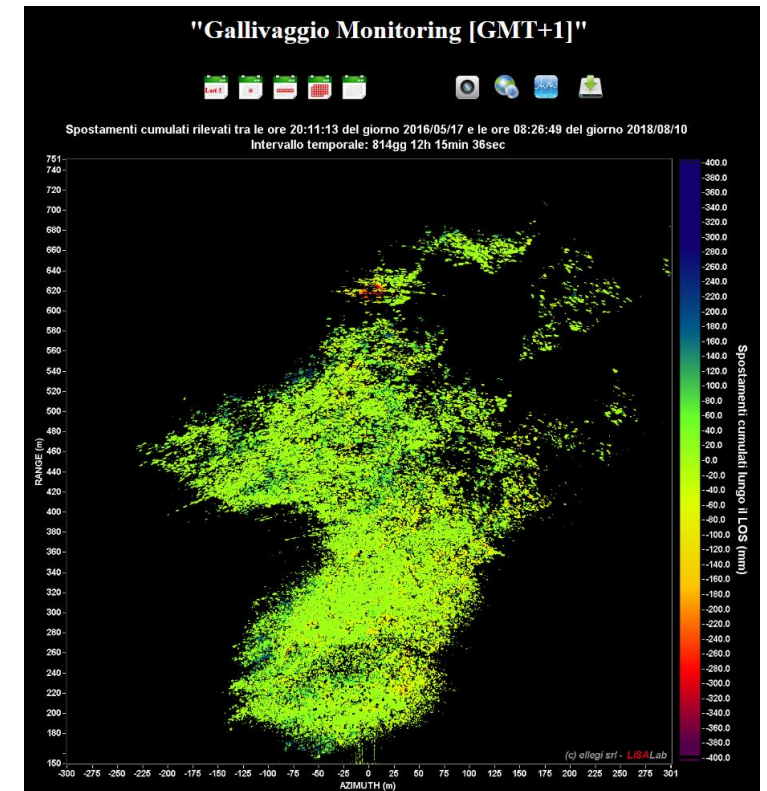
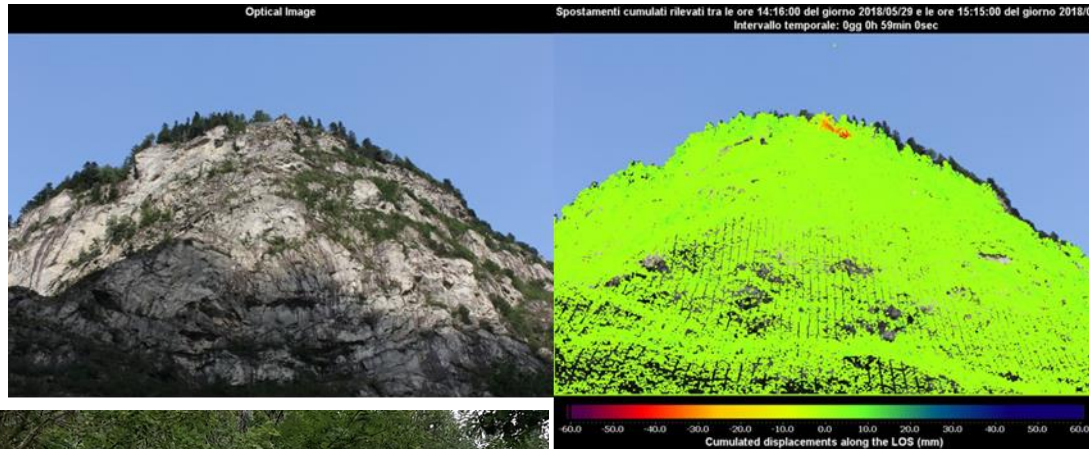
WHAT WAS THE SITUATION DURING THE YEARS BEFORE THE COLLAPSE ?

2008: rockfall embankment and flexible barriers



PROTECTION AGAINST LANDSLIDE

2011/2012: geological monitoring network

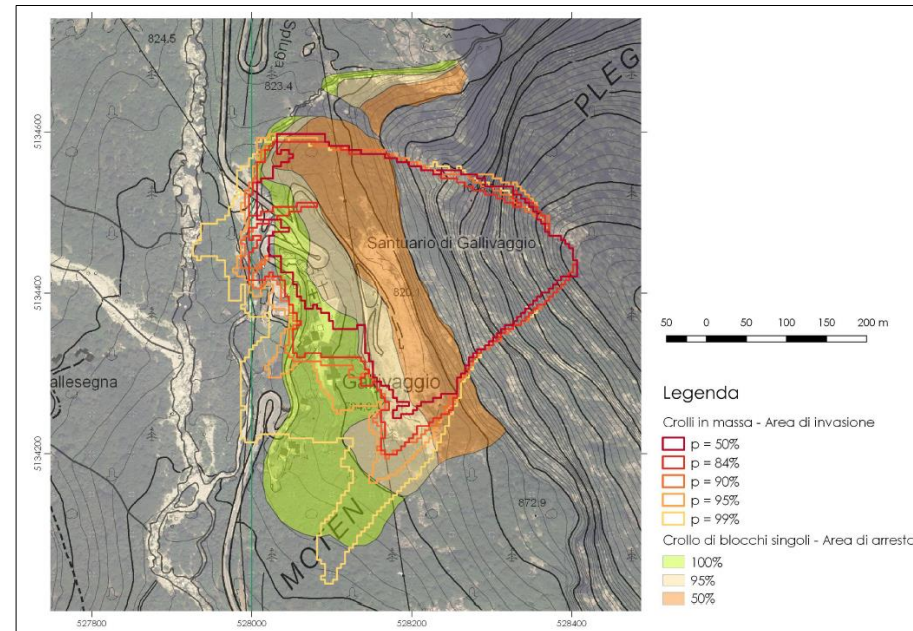


2017: GEOTECHNICAL MODEL

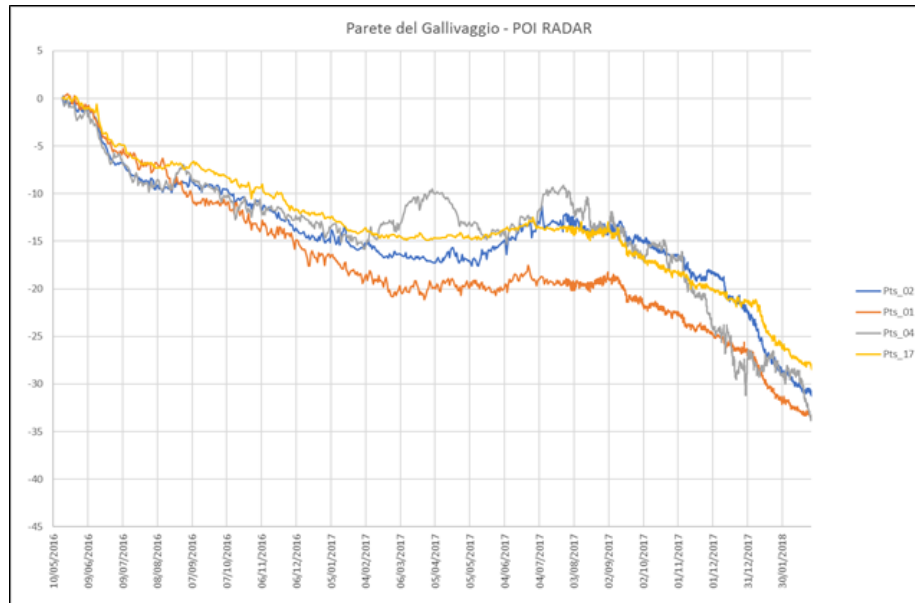
In 2017, a study called “**Geotechnical model and discern thresholds of trigger for the Gallivaggio landslide**” showed us different manifestations of rock mass failure.

The different colour lines represent the **area boundary where the landslide could arrive** with changeable probability (function of historical events printed on bibliography).

Most of the analysis showed that the infrastructure and cultural heritage (road and Sanctuary) are threatened (the rock mass failure could impact them)



During the Autumn 2017 the data analysis values acquired, enabled us to notify the Lombardy Region Civil Protection of a **dangerous acceleration** of movement in about 460 m² of the rock area (5-6000 mc).



In February 2018, we sent another notification in which we informed the Civil Protection about the acceleration showed a doubling of the values compare to the previous ones in Autumn.

ROCK BLOCK FAILURE: APRIL 13TH 2018



MAY 11TH 2018: PROTECTION OF CULTURAL HERITAGE



24TH MAY 2018

Notice of
**TRIGGER
 THRESHOLD
 EXCEEDED**
 3mm/24h
 24/05/2018
 ore 08:01



Notice of
**TRIGGER
 THRESHOLD
 EXCEEDED**
 4mm/24h
 24/05/2018
 ore 20:42



Route «SS 36»
 closed
 H24

29TH MAY 2018

Last Report sent from ARPA
 LOMBARDIA at **hour 16:00**



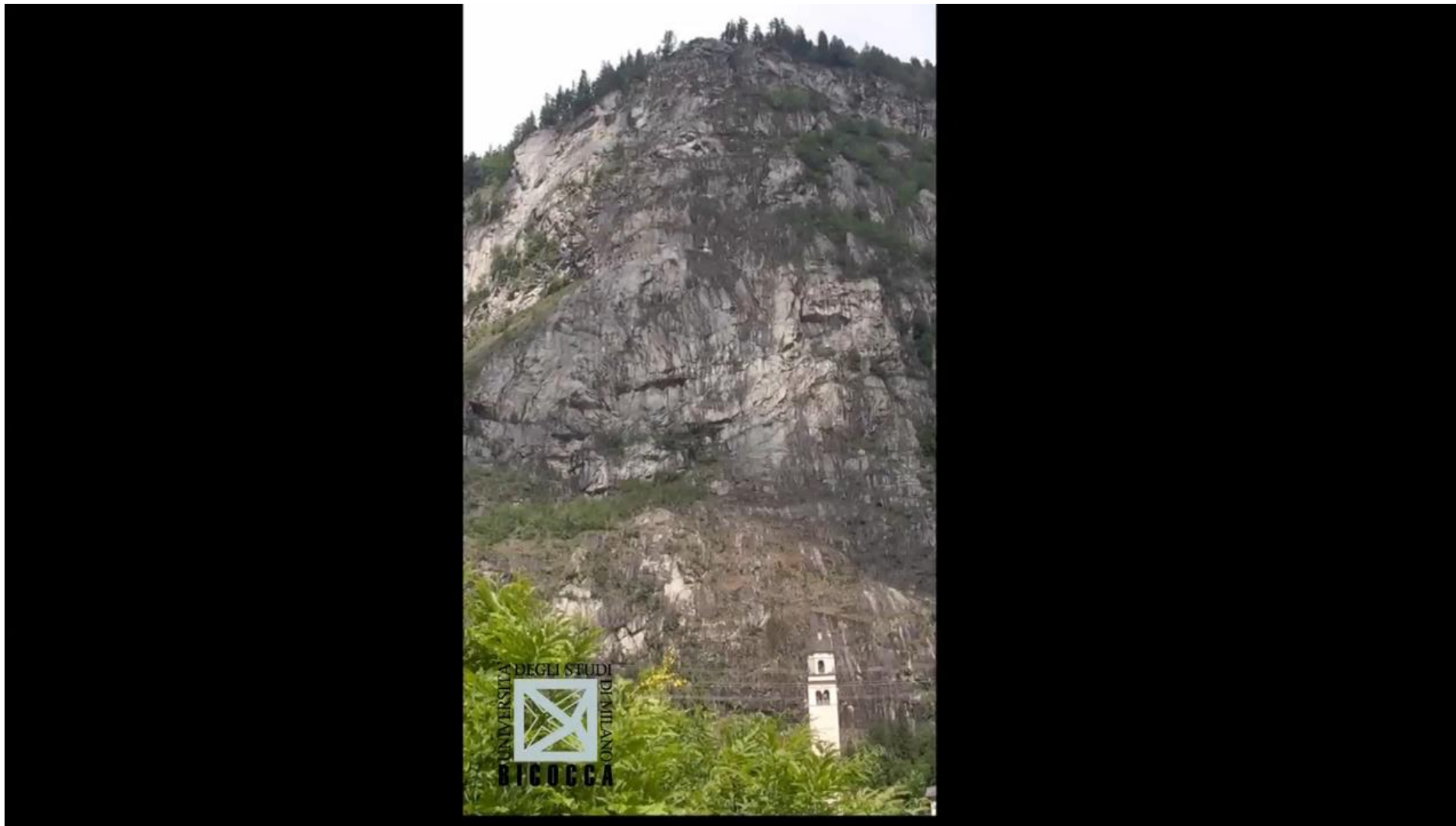
REPORT

EMESSO **MARTEDÌ 29 MAGGIO 2018** ALLE **ORE 16.00**

A: REGIONE LOMBARDIA - UNITA' ORGANIZZATIVA PROTEZIONE CIVILE

Situazione del dissesto

*Facendo seguito a quanto precedentemente comunicato si osservano nelle ultime 24 ore velocità dei punti monitorati in ulteriore aumento, con valori che hanno raggiunto un massimo di 107.2 mm/24h, con velocità orarie fra le 15 e le 16 di oggi di circa 2 cm/h. Valori così elevati non erano finora stati osservati sull'ammasso. ed il trend di continua accelerazione indica una **situazione di estrema pericolosità ormai prossima al collasso.***



THE INFRASTRUCTURES AND CULTURAL HERITAGE AFTER THE COLLAPSE

BELL TOWER



THE INFRASTRUCTURES AND CULTURAL HERITAGE AFTER THE COLLAPSE THE CHURCH



THE INFRASTRUCTURES AND CULTURAL HERITAGE AFTER THE COLLAPSE

SANCTUARY SQUARE



THE INFRASTRUCTURES AND CULTURAL HERITAGE AFTER THE COLLAPSE BEHIND THE SANCTUARY



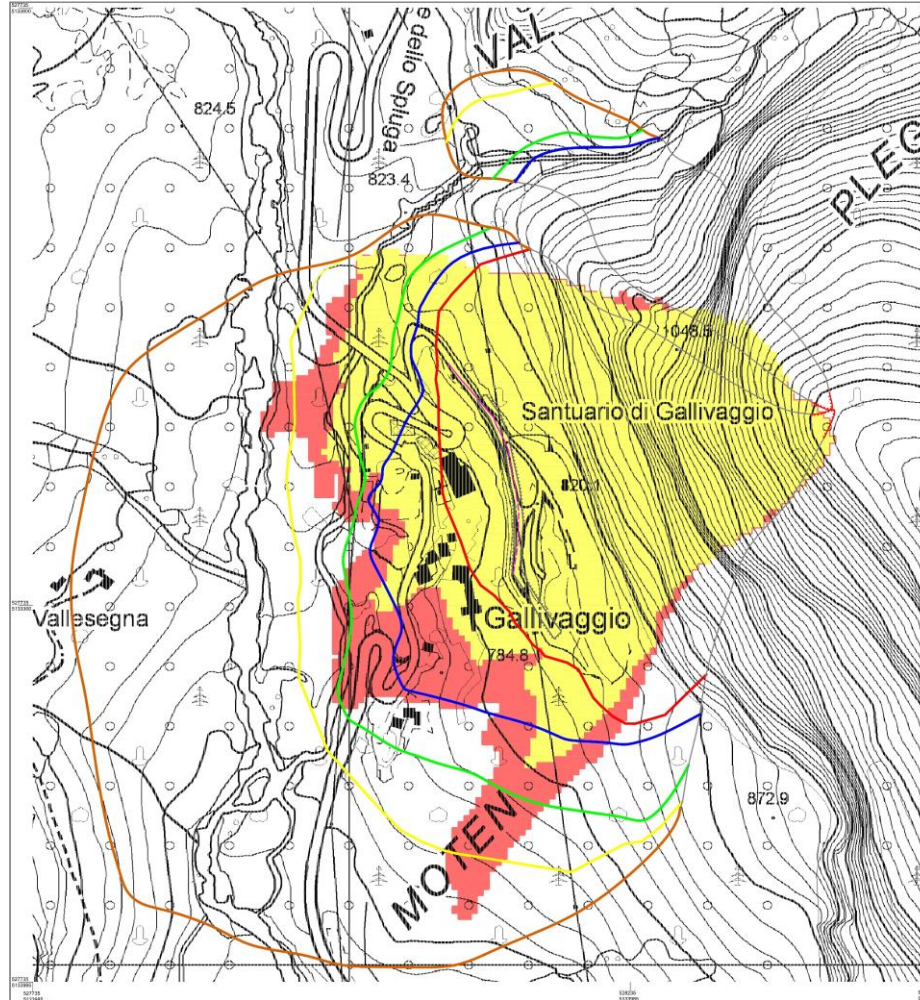
THE INFRASTRUCTURES AND CULTURAL HERITAGE AFTER THE COLLAPSE ROKFAILL EMBANKMENT AND PLANTS















THE INFRASTRUCTURES AND CULTURAL HERITAGE AFTER THE COLLAPSE ROAD



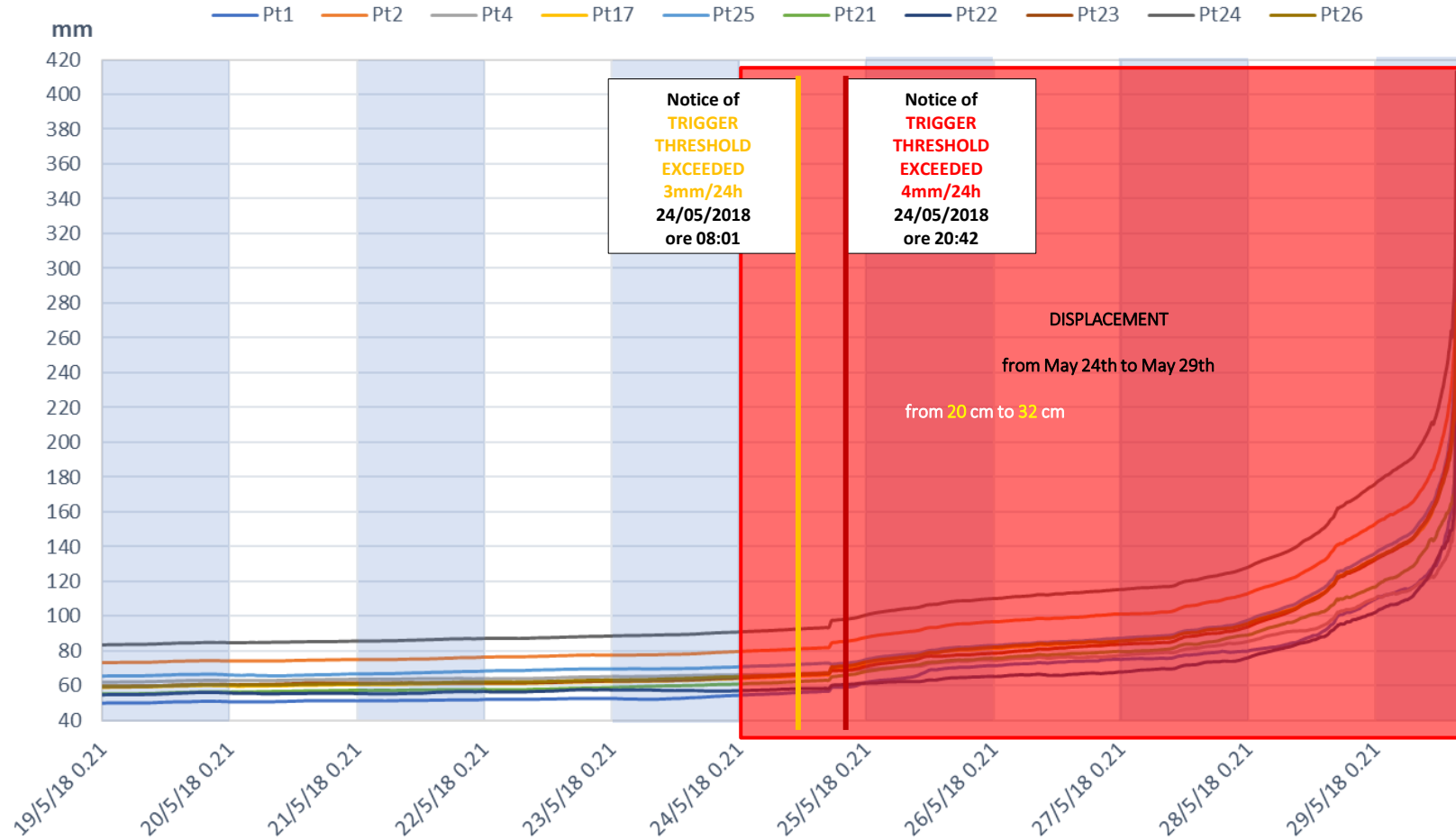
ROCK MASS FAILURE



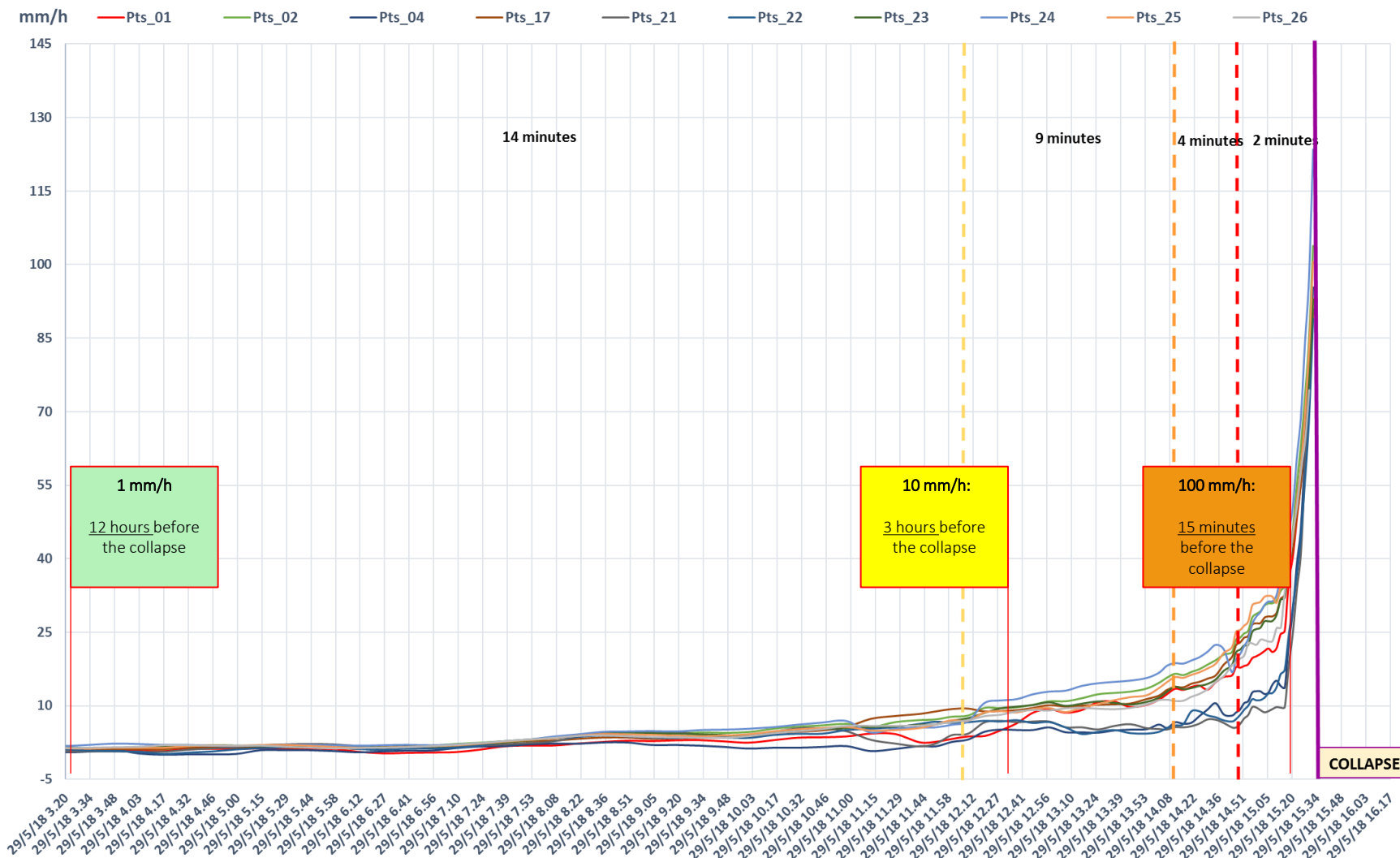
LEGEND (areal distribution of the deposit)

-  Landslide crown
-  Boundary line rock blocks fallen ($b > 0,5 \text{ m}^3$)
-  Boundary line r. blocks fallen ($0,5 \text{ m}^3 > b > 0,05 \text{ m}^3$)
-  Boundary line r. b. fallen ($0,05 \text{ m}^3 > b > 0,005 \text{ m}^3$)
-  Boundary line r. blocks fallen ($b < 0,005 \text{ m}^3$)
-  Boundary line fine grain debris
-  Boundary line of lateral debris fallen
-  Flexible barriers razed
-  Flexible barriers not razed
-  Embankment
-  Rock mass failure: covered area 95% probability (Cancelli engineering study 2017)
-  Rock mass failure: covered area 99% probability (Cancelli engineering study 2017)

Gallivaggio Radar points Displacements from May 19th to May 29th



Gallivaggio radar points - velocity hourly (last 12 hours before the collapse)



CONCLUSION

Efficacy of the monitoring network: the performance of the network gives us data values to identify vast movement areas and permit us to see gradual movement (0,03 mm/d) and then to monitoring movement close to any failure. It isn't effective for single rock block falls.

The collection of GBInSAR data values: the collection of data values, from the start of acceleration to the time of rock mass failure, permitted us to have all acceleration data values (0,1 mm/h 6 day from failure, 1 mm/h 40 hour from failure, 10 mm/h 3 hour from failure, 100 mm/h 15 minutes before failure).

In May 2018, monitoring was the only activity to guarantee human safety and protection of cultural heritage: with evacuation, the SS 36 route closed, removal of sacred paintings and gold sacred cups before the failure.

THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION !!

Gallivaggio landslide Bibliography

- **«Gallivaggio landslide: the geological monitoring, of a rock cliff, for early warning system»** Italian Journal of *Geology and Environment*. n.2(2018) pg.41-55; Aut: L. Dei Cas et al. DOI 10.4408/IJEGE.2018-02.O-03
- **«Geological monitoring networks for risk management close to large rock cliffs: the case history of Gallivaggio and Cataeggio in the Italian Alps»** *Geogr. Helv.*, 76, 85-101, 2021 Aut.: Luca Dei Cas, Maria Luisa Pastore, Andrea Pavan, and Nicola Petrella DOI.org/10.5194/gh-76-85-2021
- **«Rockfall forecasting and risk management along a major transportation corridor in the Alps through ground-based radar interferometry»** *Landslides*, April 2019 . Aut: T. Carlà, T. Nolesini, L. Solari, C. Rivolta, L. Dei Cas, N. Casagli DOI 10.1007/S10346-019-01190-y
- **«Previsione e gestione del rischio da caduta massi e progettazione degli interventi di mitigazione. Il caso della parete rocciosa di Gallivaggio»** ATTI DEL XXVII CONVEGNO NAZIONALE DI GEOTECNICA (pg. 573-580) Reggio Calabria 13-15 luglio 2022: Aut: G. Bragonzi, P. Cancelli, F. Cattaneo, L. Dei Cas, L. Tedeschi, ISBN 978-88-97517-14-6
- **«Reliability and Uncertainties of the Analysis of an Unstable Rock Slope Performed on RPAS Digital Outcrop Models: the Case of the Gallivaggio Landslide (Western Alps, Italy)»** *Remote Sensing* May 2020 Aut: T. Menegoni D. Giordan